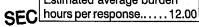
UNITEDSTATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

OMB APPROVAL OMB Number: 3235-0123

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SEC 1410 (06-02)

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT **FORM X-17A-5** PART III

Mail Processing Section

SEC FILE NUMBER **8-** 53360

MAR 4 - 2013

FACING PAGE Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuality of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	01/01/12	AND ENDING	12/31/12
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. RE	GISTRANT IDENTIFIC	CATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Rockpor	t Venture Securit	ies, LLC	OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BU	SINESS: (Do not use P.O. Bo	ox No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
215 Morris Avenue, Suite	· 7		
	(No. and Street)		
Spring Lake	ПЛ		07762
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF P. Mark Bosland	ERSON TO CONTACT IN R	EGARD TO THIS RI	EPORT (732) 359-7109
			(Area Code — Telephone Number)
B. ACC	COUNTANT IDENTIFIC	CATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT Tonneson & Company, Inc.	whose opinion is contained in	this Report*	
Tomeson & Company, Inc.	(Name - if individual, state last, fi	rst, middle name)	
401 Edgewater Place, Suite	300 Wakefield	MA	01880
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			
☑ Certified Public Accountant			
☐ Public Accountant			
☐ Accountant not resident in Uni	ted States or any of its posses	ssions.	
	FOR OFFICIAL USE OF	VLY	
			·

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

> Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

Ι, _	Mark Bosland , swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my	we knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Rockport Venture Securities, LLC , as
of	December 31, 2012, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
nei	ither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
cla	assified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:
	THOMAS D CHANNING
	NOTARY PUBLIC STATE OF NEW JERSEY MY COMMISSION EXPIRES SEPT. 18, 2014 J.D.# 2319076 Managing Director
	Managing Practor
	Notary Public
	is report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):
X X	(a) Facing Page.(b) Statement of Financial Condition.
	(c) Statement of Income (Loss).
図	(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
$\overline{\mathbf{x}}$	(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
	(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
X	(g) Computation of Net Capital.
	(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
X	(i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
X	(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
	Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
	()
X	consolidation.
	(1) An Oath or Affirmation.(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
	(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011

tonneson + co

Assurance • Tax • Advisory

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Member Rockport Venture Securities, LLC Spring Lake, New Jersey

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Rockport Venture Securities, LLC, which comprise the balance sheets as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, and the related statements of operations, changes in member's capital, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Rockport Venture Securities, LLC as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Touneson & Company, Inc.
Tonneson & Company, Inc.

Wakefield, Massachusetts February 25, 2013

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Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

BALANCE SHEETS

DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011

ASSETS

		<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
CURRENT ASSETS:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	112,444	\$ 261,743
Marketable securities		20,449	32,545
Accounts receivable			3,019
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	_		 3,901
Total current assets		132,893	 301,208
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, AT COST:			
Computer equipment		21,457	21,457
Furniture and fixtures		15,807	15,807
		37,264	 37,264
Less accumulated depreciation		32,967	 25,965
Property and equipment, net		4,297	 11,299
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	137,190	\$ 312,507
LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S	CAPIT	<u>AL</u>	
CURRENT LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	9,380	\$ 45,469
Deferred revenue			 15,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES		9,380	60,469
MEMBER'S CAPITAL		127,810	 252,038
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S CAPITAL	\$	137,190	\$ 312,507

STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011

		<u>2012</u>		<u>2011</u>
REVENUES:				
Fee income	\$	745,450	\$	805,163
EXPENSES:				
Selling, general and administrative expenses		857,211	_	1,299,867
LOSS FROM OPERATIONS	_	(111,761)	_	(494,704)
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES):				
Interest income		733		2,795
Realized and unrealized gain (loss) on marketable securities		(3,200)		251,581
Miscellaneous expenses		-	_	(609)
Other income (expenses), net		(2,467)	_	253,767
NET LOSS	\$	(114,228)	\$	(240,937)

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN MEMBER'S CAPITAL

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011

BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2011	\$ 781,035
Net loss	(240,937)
Distributions	(288,060)
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2011	252,038
Net loss	(114,228)
Distributions	 (10,000)
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2012	\$ 127,810

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011

INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

		2012		<u>2011</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
	\$	(114,228)	\$	(240,937)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net				
cash used in operating activities:				
Depreciation		7,002		7,504
Realized and unrealized (gain) loss on marketable securities		3,200		(251,581)
Loss on disposition of property and equipment		-		609
Changes in certain assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable		3,019		54,774
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		3,901		(3,901)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(36,089)		25,469
Deferred revenue		(15,000)		(5,000)
Net cash used in operating activities		(148,195)		(413,063)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Proceeds from sale of marketable securities		8,896		219,036
Purchase of property and equipment		•	_	(2,307)
Net cash provided by investing activities		8,896	_	216,729
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Distributions paid		(10,000)	-	(288,060)
Net cash used in financing activities		(10,000)	_	(288,060)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(149,299)		(484,394)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		261,743		746,137
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR \$) 	112,444	\$ _	261,743

See Notes to Financial Statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

<u>Nature of Operations</u> - The Company was organized on May 18, 2001 and commenced active operations on November 6, 2001. Its principal business activity is to provide private placement services for companies located throughout the United States and Europe. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Rockport Venture Partners, LLC.

Estimates - Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were used.

<u>Financial Statement Presentation</u> - Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2011 financial statements in order to conform with the presentation for 2012.

<u>Cash Equivalents</u> - Cash equivalents consist of highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. Cash equivalents are carried at cost which approximates market.

<u>Marketable Securities</u> - The Company accounts for marketable securities in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles which requires that investments in marketable equity securities be designated as trading, available-for-sale or held-to-maturity. Trading securities are reported at fair value, with changes in fair value included in earnings. Available for sale securities are reported at fair value, with net unrealized gains and losses included in "other comprehensive income", a component of "accumulated other comprehensive income" which is a separate part of member's equity. Held-to-maturity debt securities are reported at amortized cost.

Accounts Receivable - Accounts receivable are stated at the amount management expects to collect from outstanding balances. Management provides for probable uncollectible amounts through a charge to earnings and a credit to a valuation allowance based on its assessment of the current status of individual accounts. Balances that are still outstanding after management has used reasonable collection efforts are written off through a charge to the valuation allowance and a credit to trade accounts receivable. Accounts receivable have been reviewed by management and it has been determined that there is no requirement for an allowance for doubtful accounts receivable at December 31, 2012 and 2011.

<u>Property and Equipment</u> - Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Depreciation is computed using primarily the straight-line method calculated to amortize the cost of the assets over their estimated useful lives. Costs of maintenance and repairs are charges to expenses while costs of significant renewals and betterments are capitalized.

Revenue Recognition - Placement fees are recognized on a trade date basis.

Advertising Costs - The Company expenses the costs of advertising as incurred.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Income Taxes - The Company and its parent, Rockport Venture Partners, LLC, have elected to be taxed as a partnership and, accordingly, do not pay income taxes on its taxable income. Instead, the members of Rockport Venture Partners, LLC are liable for individual income taxes on their proportionate share of the Company's taxable income. In determining the recognition of uncertain tax positions, the Company applies a more-likely-than-not recognition threshold and determines the measurement of uncertain tax positions considering the amounts and probabilities of the outcomes that could be realized upon ultimate settlement with taxing authorities. As of December 31, 2012, the Company has no uncertain tax positions that qualify for either recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. The Company is generally subject to potential examination by taxing jurisdictions for the prior three years.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> - Financial instruments which potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of temporary cash investments. The Company places its temporary cash investments in one financial institution. However, portions of temporary cash investments may exceed FDIC insured levels from time to time. The Company is not aware of any concentrations of credit risk as of December 31, 2012.

<u>Subsequent Events</u> - The date to which events occurring after December 31, 2012 have been evaluated for possible adjustment to the financial statements or disclosure is the date of the Independent Auditors' Report which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2 - Marketable Securities

At December 31, 2012 and 2011, marketable securities classified as trading consist of the following:

•	<u>2012</u>			<u>2011</u>				
	F	air Value	سمين	Cost	F	air Value		Cost
Public equities, small cap	\$	20,449	\$	-	\$	32,545	\$ <u></u>	-

Trading securities consist of marketable equity securities, which are held for an indefinite period, and are carried at fair value. Unrealized holding gains on such securities amounted to \$20,449 and \$32,545 at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011

Note 2 - Marketable Securities (Continued)

The Company has implemented the requirements under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the fair value measurements of its financial assets and liabilities. Fair value is defined under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. The Company is required to maximize the use of observable inputs, minimize the use of unobservable inputs, and disclose in the form of an outlined hierarchy the details of such fair value measurements. The hierarchy of valuation techniques is based on whether the inputs to fair value measurement are considered to be observable or unobservable in a marketplace. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources, while unobservable inputs reflect the Company's market assumptions. The hierarchy requires the use of observable market data, when available. These inputs have created the following fair value hierarchy:

- Level 1 Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than those included in Level 1. For example, quoted prices for similar assets in active markets or quoted prices for identical assets in inactive markets.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs reflecting management's own assumptions about the inputs used in estimating the value of the assets.

The marketable securities held at December 31, 2012 and 2011 are classified as Level 1.

Note 3 - Net Capital Requirement

As a broker-dealer, the Company is subject to the net capital provisions of Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the Uniform Net Capital Rule). The Company computes its net capital under the aggregate indebtedness method which requires the Company to maintain minimum net capital, as defined, equal to the greater of 6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness, as defined, or \$5,000. At December 31, 2012, the Company had net capital of \$120,446, which was in excess of its requirement of \$5,000 by \$115,446.

Note 4 - Warrants

In connection with certain private placement services rendered, the Company received warrants to purchase common stock in non-marketable securities of certain privately held companies. The Company has determined that its investment in warrants are derivatives accounted for under U.S. generally accepted accounting standard, and accordingly, has recorded the warrants at fair value as of December 31, 2012 and 2011. The Company has estimated the value of the warrants to be worthless as of December 31, 2012 and 2011.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011

Note 5 - Retirement Plan

The Company sponsors a Simplified Employee Pension (SEP) Plan. Employer contributions to the Plan are at the Company's discretion. Contributions to the Plan amounted to approximately \$49,000 for the year ended December 31, 2011. There were no contributions to the Plan for the year ended December 31, 2012.

Note 6 - Major Customers

For the year ended December 31, 2012, fee income from three customers amounted to approximately \$580,000. For the year ended December 31, 2011, fee income from two customers amounted to approximately \$470,000.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON ACCOMPANYING INFORMATION REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5

Member Rockport Venture Securities, LLC Spring Lake, New Jersey

We have audited the financial statements of Rockport Venture Securities, LLC as of and for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, and our report thereon dated February 25, 2013, which expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements, appears on page 1. Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The supplemental information contained on pages 11 and 12 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Tonneson & Company, Inc.

Wakefield Massachusetts February 25, 2013

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER SEC RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

DECEMBER 31, 2012

NET CAPITAL

Men Add:	nber's capital at December 31, 2012	\$	127,810
A.	Liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors allowable in computation of net capital		-
B.	Other (deductions) or allowable credits		
	Total capital and allowable subordinated liabilities		127,810
Dedu	actions and/or charges:		
A.	Non-allowable assets		4,297
Hair	cuts on securities:		
C.	Trading and investment securities - exempted securities		3,067
	Net capital	\$	120,446
	AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS		
Items	s included in the accompanying balance sheet		
	Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	9,380
	Total aggregate indebtedness	\$	9,380
-	COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT		
1.	Minimum net capital requirement (6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness of \$9,380)	\$	625
2.	Minimum net capital requirement of the Company	\$ =	5,000
3.	Net capital requirement (greater of 1 or 2 above)	\$	5,000
4.	Excess net capital	\$	115,446
5.	Net capital less greater of 10% of total aggregate indebtedness or 120% of Line 3	\$	114,446
6.	Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital		7.79%
	RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION		
	following is a reconciliation of net capital between this computation and the corresponding compute Company for inclusion in its Unaudited Part II Focus Report as of December 31, 2012:	itation p	repared
	Net capital, as reported in the Company's Part II-A (Unaudited) FOCUS Report	\$	120,446
	Net audit adjustments		-
	Net capital	\$	120,446

See Independent Auditors' Report on Accompanying Information.

STATEMENT REGARDING RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

DECEMBER 31, 2012

The Company claims exemption from Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission under paragraph (k)(2)(i) of that rule. During the year ended December 31, 2012, the Company was in compliance with the conditions of the exemption.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5(g)(1)

Member Rockport Venture Securities, LLC Spring Lake, New Jersey

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Rockport Venture Securities, LLC (the "Company"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of compliance with such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g), in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3(e). Because the Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons, and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

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Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness, as defined previously.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2012, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the member, management, the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Tonneson & Company, Inc.

Wakefield, Massachusetts February 25, 2013

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON THE SIPC ANNUAL ASSESSMENT REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5

Member Rockport Venture Securities, LLC Spring Lake, New Jersey

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7) to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the year ended December 31, 2012, which were agreed to by Rockport Venture Securities, LLC (the Company) and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and SIPC solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating Rockport Venture Securities, LLC's compliance with the applicable instructions of the General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7). Rockport Venture Securities, LLC's management is responsible for Rockport Venture Securities, LLC's compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

- 1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursement records entries noting no differences;
- 2. Compared the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2012, as applicable, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the year ended December 31, 2012, noting no differences;
- 3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers noting no differences; and
- 4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments noting no differences.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Tonneson & Company, Inc.

Wakefield, Massachusetts February 25, 2013 tonneson + co

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

ACC CONVENCE OF THE CONVENCE O

SIPC-7 (33-REV 7/10)

SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION CORPORATION P.O. Box 92185 Washington, D.C. 20090-2185 202-371-8300

General Assessment Reconciliation

(33-REV 7/10)

(33-REV 7/1

For the fiscal year ended December 31 , 20 12 (Read carefully the instructions in your Working Copy before completing this Form)

TO BE FILED BY ALL SIPC MEMBERS WITH FISCAL YEAR ENDINGS

1. Name of Member, address, Designated Examining Authority purposes of the audit requirement of SEC Rule 17a-5:	y, 1934 Act registration no. and month in which fiscal year ends for
053360 FINRA Rockport Venture Securities, LLC 215 Morris Avenue, Suite 7	Note: If any of the information shown on the mailing label requires correction, please e-mail any corrections to form@sipc.org and so indicate on the form filed.
Spring Lake, NJ 07762	Name and telephone number of person to contact respecting this form.
	Mark Bosland 732-359-7109
2. A. General Assessment (item 2e from page 2)	\$1,864
B. Less payment made with SIPC-6 filed (exclude interest)	()
Date Paid C. Less prior overpayment applied	()
D. Assessment balance due or (overpayment)	1,864
E. Interest computed on late payment (see instruction E)	fordays at 20% per annum
F. Total assessment balance and interest due (or overpa	yment carried forward) \$
G. PAID WITH THIS FORM: Check enclosed, payable to SIPC Total (must be same as F above)	\$1,864
H. Overpayment carried forward	\$()
3. Subsidiaries (S) and predecessors (P) included in this form	π (give name and 1934 Act registration number):
The SIPC member submitting this form and the person by whom it is executed represent thereby	Dealmost) (auture Securities U.C.
that all information contained herein is true, correct and complete.	Rockport Venture Securities, LLC (Name Metroporation Partnership or other organization)
Dated the 25 day of February , 20 13 .	MANAGEN PRECTOR
	ter the end of the fiscal year. Retain the Working Copy of this form
for a period of not less than 6 years, the latest 2 years in	an easily accessible place.
Dates: Postmarked Received Revie	ewed
Calculations Docum	imentation Forward Copy
Dates: Postmarked Received Revie Calculations Document Exceptions: Disposition of exceptions:	
Disposition of exceptions:	

DETERMINATION OF "SIPC NET OPERATING REVENUES" AND GENERAL ASSESSMENT

		Amounts for the beginning Januar	W 1 20 10
		and ending Dece	ember 31 , 20 12
Item No. 2a. Total revenue (FOCUS Line 12/Part IIA Line 9, Code 4030)		\$	745,450
2b. Additions: [1] Total revenues from the securities business of subsidiaries (predecessors not included above.	except foreign subsidiaries) and		
(2) Net loss from principal transactions in securities in trading a	ccounts.		
(3) Net loss from principal transactions in commodities in trading	3 accounts.		
(4) Interest and dividend expense deducted in determining item :	2a.		·
(5) Net loss from management of or participation in the underwri	ting or distribution of securities.		
(6) Expenses other than advertising, printing, registration fees a profit from management of or participation in underwriting or	nd legal fees deducted in determining net distribution of securities.		
(7) Net loss from securities in investment accounts.			
Total additions			745,450
Deductions: (1) Revenues from the distribution of shares of a registered open investment trust, from the sale of variable annuities, from the advisory services rendered to registered investment companiancounts, and from transactions in security futures products.	husiness of insurance from investment		
(2) Revenues from commodity transactions.			
(3) Commissions, floor brokerage and clearance paid to other SIF securities transactions.	C members in connection with		
(4) Reimbursements for postage in connection with proxy solicital	tion.		
(5) Net gain from securities in investment accounts.			
(6) 100% of commissions and markups earned from transactions i (ii) Treasury bills, bankers acceptances or commercial paper from issuance date.	n (i) certificates of deposit and that mature nine months or less		
(7) Direct expenses of printing advertising and legal fees incurred related to the securities business (revenue defined by Section	t in connection with other revenue 16(9)(L) of the Act).		
(8) Other revenue not related either directly or indirectly to the se (See Instruction C):	curities business.		
(9) (i) Total interest and dividend expense (FOCUS Line 22/PART Code 4075 plus line 2b(4) above) but not in excess of total interest and dividend income.	IIA Line 13,		
(ii) 40% of margin interest earned on customers securities accounts (40% of FOCUS line 5, Code 3960).	\$		
Enter the greater of line (i) or (ii)			
Total deductions			
2d. SIPC Net Operating Revenues		\$	745,450
Pe. General Assessment @ .0025		\$	1,864
		(to page 1, line 2.	.A.)